

Interim Regulations on the Administration of Urban Hukou

1951-7-16

Ministry of Public Security

Article 1 of the Interim Regulations on the Administration of Urban Household Registration regulations are formulated to maintain public order, ensure the safety of the people and the freedom of residence and movement.

Article 2 Except for the People's Liberation Army, People's Public Security Forces, People's Police and other armed forces, agencies, barracks, and diplomatic personnel of foreign embassies and consulates in China, all residents in and out of the city must abide by these regulations.

Article 3 All persons with the same supervisor who live together and share room and board, regardless of the number of persons and their relationship, shall be called one household; Those who live together and are financially independent can set up separate households. Its classification is as follows:

1. Household: General household, whose supervisor is the head of the household. If it is a single person living together, the head of the household shall be the person who has lived for a long time or has a fixed occupation.

2. Industrial and commercial households: All public and private enterprises, factories, companies, shops, workshops, cooperatives, warehouses, hospitals, entertainment venues, etc., shall be headed by their managers, factory directors, or other supervisors.

3. Apartment households: All hotels, inns, agencies, clubs, etc., are headed by their managers or supervisors. If travelers live for more than three months, or if they have a store, they must set up a separate household.

4. Vessel household: For those who have no residence on land and have a ship as their home, or who have a residence on land but stay on a ship for a long period of time, the person in charge of the ship shall be the head of the household.

five. Temple households: All nunneries, temples, temples, courtyards, churches, etc. belong to it, and its host is the head of the household.

6. Alien households: All foreign nationals in my country (except those stipulated by laws and regulations) are called alien households, and their responsible person is the head of the household.

Article 4 The management of household registration shall be carried out by the people's public security organs. All kinds of books, forms and certificates shall be simplified and convenient for the people. When the public security personnel perform their tasks, each household shall not refuse.

Article 5 When the household registration is changed, the head of the household must go through the formalities with the local people's public security organ with the household registration booklet in accordance with the regulations.

1. Moving out:

Those who move out must report the relocation to the local people's public security agency in advance, cancel their household registration, and issue a relocation certificate (relocation within the same public security police station will not be issued a relocation certificate).

2. Moving in:

(1) Those who move in must report to the local public security police station within three days of arriving at the place of residence. Those who have a relocation certificate shall submit the relocation certificate; those who do not have a relocation certificate shall submit other appropriate documents.

(2) GMD Officers and soldiers who have been liberated, and prisoners who have been released, must report to their households with the certificates issued by military agencies, people's judicial agencies, and people's public security agencies.

3. Birth:

Within one month after the birth of the baby, the head of the household or its parents shall declare.

Abandoned infants shall be immediately reported to the local people's public security organ by the discoverer.

4. Death:

(1) The head of the household or the family member shall report the death within 24 hours before the death is put into the burial;

if there is no family member or the family member is not present, the neighbor shall report the death.

(2) The head of the household, the family member or the discoverer shall immediately report the sudden death or the cause of death of unknown cause, as well as the death of infectious diseases.

(3) For infants who have died without reporting their birth, a supplementary birth and death report shall be made.

For the death specified in the preceding three paragraphs, burial shall be granted only after obtaining a burial certificate.

5. Any change in marriage, divorce, separation, cohabitation, disappearance, recovery, adoption, employment, dismissal, opening, closing of business, or the occupation of the head of the household must be reported separately.

Article 6 Visitors who stay for more than three days must report to the police station.

Article 7 All households must prepare a household registration booklet and fill it out according to the facts for future reference; in addition to the household registration booklet, the hospital must prepare an inpatient registration book. The passenger registration book shall be sent to the local people's public security organ for inspection before going to bed every night.

Article 8 Violation of the provisions of these regulations shall be punished according to the severity of the circumstances.

Article 9 All people's government agencies, people's organizations, schools, military factories, etc. are called public households; public household registrations must also be managed by the people's public security organs, and the management regulations shall be formulated separately.

Article 10 From the date of promulgation of these Interim Regulations, the city household registration management regulations or rules promulgated by various places in the past shall be null and void and shall be implemented in accordance with these Interim Regulations.

Article 11 The people's public security organs of the major administrative regions and provinces (cities) may formulate detailed implementation rules or supplementary measures in accordance with the spirit of these regulations.

Article 12 These Regulations have been approved by the Central People's Government Administration Council and promulgated by the Ministry of Public Security of the Central People's Government for implementation.